

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Other means of identification	Medium Dry Thinner PP1006 Lacquer thinner stributor information	
Other means of identification	PP1006 Lacquer thinner	
_	acquer thinner	
	•	
Recommended use	stributor information	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Dis		
Manufacturer		
Address 6	Performance Products 6424 3rd Line Road .aPorte IN 46350 Jnited States	
Telephone	General Assistance 866-228-65	28
	vww.performanceplusproduct.com	
	Andy Squires	
Emergency phone number E	Emergency Contact 800-424-93	00
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards F	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards A	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
A	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
A	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
S	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
S	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
C	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
C	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
F	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
S	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposur	e Category 2
S	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposur	e Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute nazard	e Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, ong-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		

Signal word Hazard statement

## Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case offire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
22% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Methanol	67-56-1	0<35	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	0<35	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0<35	
Acetone	67-64-1	0<10	
MEK	78-93-3	0<10	

Other components below reportable levels

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygenor artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a waterpollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Handling and storage

7. Handling and stor	age				
Precautions for safe hand	lling	and understood. Do not I ignition. Protect material Minimize fire risks from fi static accumulating liquic operations that can prom filtering, pumping at high filling, tank cleaning, sam precautionary measures must be grounded. Use r vapor. Avoid contact with swallow. When using, do handle this product. Sho well-ventilated area. Wea after handling. Avoid rele Observe good industrial For additional information Code in Canada, (CSA C 2003, "Protection Agains	nandle, store or open r from direct sunlight. E: lammable and combus is) or dangerous reacti- tote accumulation of st flow rates, splash fillin apling, gauging, switch against static discharg non-sparking tools and n eyes, skin, and clothin not eat, drink or smok uld be handled in close ar appropriate persona ease to the environmer hygiene practices. In on equipment bondin C22.1), or the Americar t Ignitions Arising out co on (NFPA) 77, "Recom	andle until all safety precau hear an open flame, sources xplosion-proof general and tible materials (including cc ons with incompatible mate atic charges include but are g, creating mists or sprays, loading, vacuum truck ope es. All equipment used whe explosion-proof equipment ng. Avoid prolonged exposu e. Pregnant or breastfeedir ed systems, if possible. Use I protective equipment. Was t. Wash contaminated cloth g and grounding, refer to th n Petroleum Institute (API) F of Static, Lightning, and Stra imended Practice on Static al Electrical Code".	s of heat or sources of local exhaust ventilation. imbustible dust and irials. Handling not limited to: mixing, tank and container rations. Take in handling the product Do not breathe mist or ure. Do not taste or ng women must not only outdoors or in a sh hands thoroughly ning before reuse. e Canadian Electrical Recommended Practice y Currents" or National
Conditions for safe storage including any incompatib		up by using common bor spark promoters. Ground remove static electricity.	nding and grounding te d/bond container and e Store in a cool, dry pla n a well-ventilated plac	and open flame. Prevent el- chniques. Eliminate sources quipment. These alone may ce out of direct sunlight. St e. Keep in an area equippe 10 of the SDS).	s of ignition. Avoid y be insufficient to ore in original tightly
8. Exposure controls/persona I protection		changes per hour) shoul applicable, use process e maintain airborne levels	d be used. Ventilation enclosures, local exhau below recommended e	ilation. Good general ventila rates should be matched to ist ventilation, or other engi xposure limits. If exposure l ptable level. Eye wash facil	conditions. If neering controls to imits have not been
Ingrediant	CAS	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL
Methanol	67 56 -	1		(200  npm)/2008	(250  ppm)/2008

Methanol	67-56-1			(200 ppm)/2008	(250 ppm)/2008
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9			(200 ppm)/2010	(250 ppm)/2010
Acetone	67-64-1			(200 ppm)/2010	(500 ppm)/2010
MEK	78-93-3		(300 ppm)/2008	(200 ppm)/2008	
Xylene	1330-20-7	100 ppm	150PPM (655 mg/m3)	(100 ppm)/2008	(100 ppm)/2008

controls		
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.	

# **General hygiene considerations**

Appropriate engineering

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12.8 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	66.85 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	550 °F (287.78 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	7.16 lbs/gal
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	100 %
Specific gravity	0.86
VOC	4.5 lbs/gal Material
	538.76 g/l Material

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition pro	ducts

835.38 g/I Regulatory

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.
Physical, Chemical and	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.
Toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Information on toxicological ef	ifects
Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	64000 ppm, 4 Hours
		87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Monkey	2 g/kg
	Mouse	7300 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14.4 g/kg
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
		0020 mg/kg
(ylene (1330-20-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	4,350 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	6,350 ppm, 4 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	4,350 mg/kg	
ethyl ethyl keytone (CAS 79-93-	<u>3)</u>		
Acute Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	6,480 mg/kg	
halation			
LC50	Rat	23.5 mg/l, 8 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	2,737 mg/kg	
nethyl acetate (79-20-9)			
Acute Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	2,000 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	49 mg/l	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	6,482 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional component	data not shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage			
eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.		
	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.100	1-1050)	
Not listed. Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unb	orn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure	May cause damage to organs. Ma	ay cause drowsiness and dizziness	
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs throug	h prolonged or repeated exposure	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		

# 12. Ecological information

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Ecotoxicity	

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	100 mg/l, 96 hours
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic	5050	Weter flee (Derbrie meene)	1.01 0.00 mg/ 40 hours
Crustacea Fish	EC50 LC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	1.81 – 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours 26.7 mg/l, 96 hours
methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 79-93-3) Aquatic			
Fish	EC50	Pimephales promelas	3,220 mg/l, 96 Hours
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead Minnow	320 - 399 mg/l, 96 Hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.		
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Other adverse effects	e effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.		
13. Disposal considerations			
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways orditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with		

local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.	
Waste from residues / unused productsDispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).	
Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is e	nptied. E

14. Transport information	UN1263	
DOT	Paint, Paint Related Material	
UN number		
UN proper shipping name	3	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	ll	
Label(s)		
Packing group	Yes	
Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant		
· · ·	r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28	
Packaging exceptions	150	
Packaging non bulk	202	
Packaging bulk	242	
ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk		
Packing group		
Environmental hazards ERG Code	Yes 3H	
<b>Special precautions for user</b> Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. <b>Other information</b>		
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.	
aircraft		
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.	
IMDG		
UN number	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material	
Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	
Subsidiary risk	-	
Packing group	II	
Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	Yes	
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>	
Special precautions for use	r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.	

 Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

 Transport in bulk according to Annex
 Not established.

 II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code



**General information** 

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	Listed.
Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3)	Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Methanol	67-56-1	0<30	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	0<30	
xylene	1330-20-7	0<30	
Acetone	67-64-1	0<10	
Methyl ethyl keytone	78-93-3	0<10	

### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (1330-20-7)	Listed.
Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3)	Listed.

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

# (SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

35%WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

### **US state regulations**

- US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.
- US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Xylene (CAS1330-20-7)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Methyl ethyl keytone (CAS 78-93-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 2, 20091

## International Inventories

	la ventem v neme	
Country(s) or region		nventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

· · · · ·	
Issue date	04-26-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.